		Year Six Term 3 Ev	olution and Inh	<u>eritance</u>					
	Writing Mo	_	Reading Spi						
English	Writing Ma	Materials	Reading Spi	* A writter with an interfy distinctive vecce and					
J	Main Text	Oliver Twist Oliver Oliver Twist and other pread Deckers The de Author The	GOODNIGHT MISTER TOM	Katherine Rundell Roof toppers	MORRIS GLETZMAN Enrichty	HARRY			
	Text Type	Rags to riches			CERTIA	0			
		Focus: flashback	Frank lettrell loops	Gracefully	David Almond	es à			
	Poetry Unit	Daffodils – William Wordsworth	Millions Witso-great train robbery	Gracefully Grayson	OFF THE SERVICE OF TH				
	Narrative	Stories with flashbacks		Grauson		1			
	Unit	(rags to riches)	M	and both the second	36	flour babies			
	Non Fiction Unit	Biography – Darwin/Mary Anning		1,	,				
Mathematics	Cint	rinning	1	1					
	Word Problems								
		rcentage itio							
Science	Working Scientifically								
	 Can they report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, caus relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations? Can they identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas arguments? 								
	Non-statutory notes & guidance:								
		raise questions about local	animals and tl	nose in more ext	reme environn	nents and hov			
	they are adapted to survive?								
Revision States of matter Yr4 Properties and changes Yr5	 Can they analyse the advantages/disadvantages of specific adaptations? E.g. two feet or for feet, long or short beak Can they identify the differences & similarities between an ammonite & a snail shell are use this information to raise pertinent questions for further investigation? 								
	Evolution and Inheritance Pupils should be taught to:								
	• Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about								
	 living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring var 								
	and are not identical to their parents								
	Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.								
	that adaptation may lead to evolution. Ideas								
	Building on what they learned about fossils in the topic on rocks in year 3, pupils should find out more about how living things on earth have changed over time								
	• They should be introduced to the idea that characteristics are passed from parents to the offspring, for instance by considering different breeds of dogs, and what happens when, for								
	 example, Labradors are crossed with poodles. They should also appreciate that variation in offspring over time can make animals more of less able to survive in particular environments, for example, by exploring how giraffes' necks and longer or the development of insulating fur on the arctic for 								

- got longer, or the development of insulating fur on the arctic fox. Pupils might find out about the work of palaeontologists such as Mary Anning and about how

Charles Darwin and Alfred Wallace developed their ideas on evolution. Note: At this stage, pupils are not expected to understand how genes and chromosomes work.

Pupils might work scientifically by:

observing and raising questions about local animals and how they are adapted to their environment; comparing how some living things are adapted to survive in extreme conditions, for

	example, cactuses, penguins and camels. They might analyse the advantages and disadvantages of specific adaptations, such as being on two feet rather than four, having a long or a short beak, having gills or lungs, tendrils on climbing plants, brightly coloured and scented flowers.				
History	No history				
Geography	No geography				
e-safety	Knowledge and Understanding •Can they discuss the positive and negative impact of the use of ICT in their own lives and those of their peers and family?				
	 Do they understand the potential risk of providing personal information online? Do they recognise why people may publish content that is not accurate and understand the need to be critical evaluators of content? 				
	•Do they understand that some websites and/or pop-ups have commercial interests that may affect the way the information is presented? •Do they recognise the potential risks of using internet communication tools and understand how to minimise				
	those risks (including scams and phishing)? •Do they understand that some material on the internet is copyrighted and may not be copied or downloaded? •Do they understand that some messages may be malicious and know how to deal with this? •Do they understand that online environments have security settings, which can be altered, to protect the user? •Do they understand the benefits of developing a 'nickname' for online use? •Do they understand that some malicious adults may use various techniques to make contact and elicit personal information?				
	 Do they know that it is unsafe to arrange to meet unknown people online? Do they know how to report any suspicions? Do they understand they should not publish other people's pictures or tag them on the internet without 				
	permission? •Do they know that content put online is extremely difficult to remove? •Do they know what to do if they discover something malicious or inappropriate				
	Skills •Do they follow the school's safer internet rules? •Can they make safe choices about use of technology?				
	 Do they use technology in ways which minimises risk, e.g. responsible use of online discussions, etc? Can they create strong passwords and manage them so that they remain strong? Can they independently, and with regard for e-safety, select and use appropriate communication tools to 				
	solve problems by collaborating and communicating with others within and beyond school? •Can they competently use the internet as a search tool? •Can they reference information sources?				
	•Can they use appropriate strategies for finding, critically evaluating, validating and verifying information, e.g. using different keywords, skim reading to check relevance of information, cross checking with different				
	websites or other non ICT resources? •Can they use knowledge of the meaning of different domain names and common website extensions (e.gco.uk; .com; .ac; .sch; .org; .gov; .net) to support validation of information				
Computing	Information Technology/Computer Science: App Creation App Inventor *To be adapted for USO access				
Religious	What do people believe about life after death?				
Education	What is death?What is a children's hospice?				
	What do Hindus believe about life after death?				
	What do Sikhs and Buddhists believe about death? What do Sikhs and Buddhists believe about death?				
	What do Christians believe about life after death?What do Muslims believe about life after death?				
	Is death the end?				
	How do people cope after someone they know has died?				
Physical Education	<u>Dance – see Matalan cards</u>				
Dance	Acquiring and developing skills				
	• Do they apply their skills, techniques and ideas consistently?				
	 Do they show precision, control and fluency? Can they work creatively and imaginatively on their own and/or with a partner to compose motifs 				
	and structure simple dances?				
	Can they perform to an accompaniment expressively and sensitively?				
	Can they perform dances fluently and with control?				
	 Evaluating and improving Can they analyse and explain why they have used specific skills or techniques? 				
	 Can they modify use of skills or techniques to improve their work? Can they create their own success criteria for evaluating? 				
	 Can they create their own success criteria for evaluating? Do they use appropriate criteria to evaluate and refine their own and others' work? 				
	 Do they talk about dance with understanding, using appropriate language and terminology? 				
	Health and fitness				
	Can they explain how the body reacts to different kinds of exercise?Can they choose appropriate warm ups and cool downs?				
	 Can they explain why we need regular and safe exercise? 				
	Can they warm-up and cool-down independently?				

	 Do they understand how dance helps to keep them healthy? 				
	Challenging				
	Can they interpret different stimuli with imagination and flair?				
	 Can they create, refine and structure movements and patterns with artistic understanding? 				
	• Can they communicate the artistic intention of a dance clearly, fluently, musically and with control?				
	Do they take the lead when working in a group?				
	 Can they help others to refine and structure movements and patterns? 				
	 Do they understand why dancing is good for their health? 				
	• Can they organise their own warm-up and cool-down activities to prepare for, and recover from,				
	dance?				
	 Do they describe, interpret and evaluate dance, using appropriate language and terminology? 				
	<u>Coach – football</u>				
	Acquiring and developing skills				
	Can they explain complicated rules?				
	 Can they make a team plan and communicate it to others? 				
	• Can they lead others in a game situation?				
	 Do they apply their skills, techniques and ideas consistently? 				
	Do they show precision, control and fluency?				
	Evaluating and improving				
	 Can they analyse and explain why they have used specific skills or techniques? 				
	Can they modify use of skills or techniques to improve their work?				
	Can they create their own success criteria for evaluating?				
	Health and fitness				
	 Can they explain how the body reacts to different kinds of exercise? 				
	Can they choose appropriate warm ups and cool downs?				
	• Can they explain why we need regular and safe exercise?				
Art and Design	No art and design				
	Cooking and nutrition making nigger				
Design and technology	Cooking and nutrition – making pizzas Developing, planning and communicating ideas				
technology	• Can they set out to grow their own products with a view to making a salad, taking account of time				
	required to grow different foods?				
	 Can they use a range of information to inform their designs? 				
	Can they use market research to inform plans?				
	Can they work within constraints?				
	Can they follow and refine their plan if necessary?				
	• Can they justify their plan to someone else?				
	Do they consider culture and society in their designs?				
	Working with tools, equipment, materials and components to make quality products.				
	• Can they use tools and materials precisely?				
	• Do they change the way they are working if needed?				
	Evaluating processes and products				
	How well do they test and evaluate their final product?				
	Is it fit for purpose?				
	What would improve it?				
	Would different resources have improved their product?				
	 Would they need more or different information to make it even better? 				
	Does their product meet all design criteria?				
	 Did they consider the use of the product when selecting materials? 				
	 Can they justify design in relation to the audience? 				
	• Can they justify why the chosen material was the best for the task?				
	• Can they explain how their product should be stored with reasons?				
3.5 .	Link to cake stall RE/Citizenship week – raising money				
Music	Can they sing a harmony part confidently and accurately?				
	Can they perform parts from memory?				
	Can they perform using notations?				
	• Can they take the lead in a performance?				
	Can they take on a solo part?				
	Can they provide rhythmic support?				
	• Can they perform a piece of music which contains two (or more) distinct melodic or rhythmic parts,				
	knowing how the parts will fit together?				
French	Listening and responding				
	•Do they listen and show understanding of more complex sentences containing familiar words and gist				
	with unfamiliar words?				
	•Do they read the text of familiar rhymes and songs and identify patterns of language and link sound to				
	spelling?				
	Speaking				
	•Do they engage in a short conversation using familiar questions and express opinions?				
	•Do they manipulate language to create and say sentences of their own choice using familiar language?				
	•Do they manipulate language using a language scaffold to present their own ideas /information in more				
	complex sentences?				
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	Reading and responding •Do they follow a familiar more complex text and read aloud?					
	•Do they understand the gist of an unfamiliar text using familiar language?					
	•Do they pronounce unfamiliar words in a sentence using knowledge of letter strings, liaison and silent letter rules?					
	 Do they read and show understanding of a series of complex sentences using familiar language? Do they use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of words in a text and understand their meaning in its context? 					
	 Writing Do they write and say a complex sentence manipulating familiar language, using a dictionary for new language? Do they write complex sentences from memory manipulating familiar vocabulary with understandable 					
	accuracy?					
	Grammar					
	•Do they demonstrate understanding of knowledge adjectival agreement; 3rd person sing/pl. of regular/					
	high frequency verbs; definite article; elision WITH a relative clause in construction of complex					
	sentences?					
PSHE	e-safety					
	Dreams and Goals					
	Personal learning goals	Can they stay motivated when doing something challenging?				
	Steps to success My dream for the world	Can they keep trying even when it is difficult? Can they work well with a partner or in a group? Do they have a positive attitude?				
	Helping to make a difference					
	Helping to make a difference	Can they help others to achieve their goals?				
	Recognising our achievements	Are they working hard to achieve their own dreams and goals?				
Enrichment	Citizenship week					
	Numeracy Week					
	 Anthony Glen – Macbeth 					
	Football tournament					
	Drug Education					
	Spelling Bee Competition					
	Houses of Parliament					
	Aspirations Week					